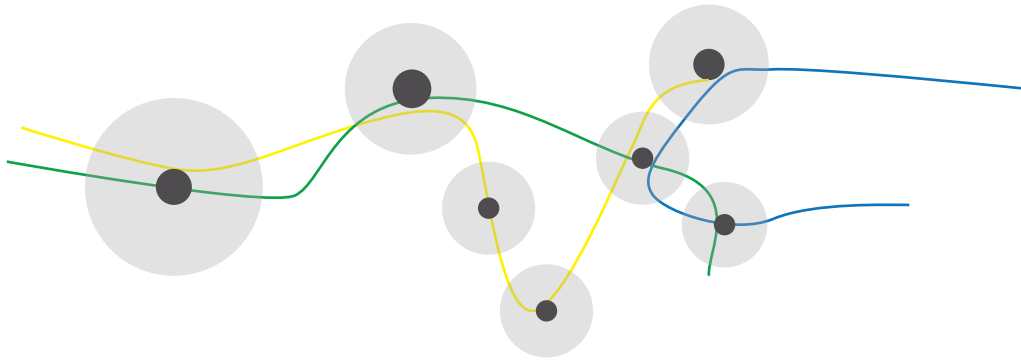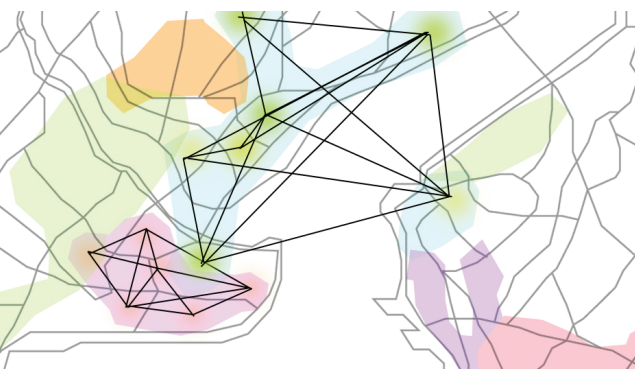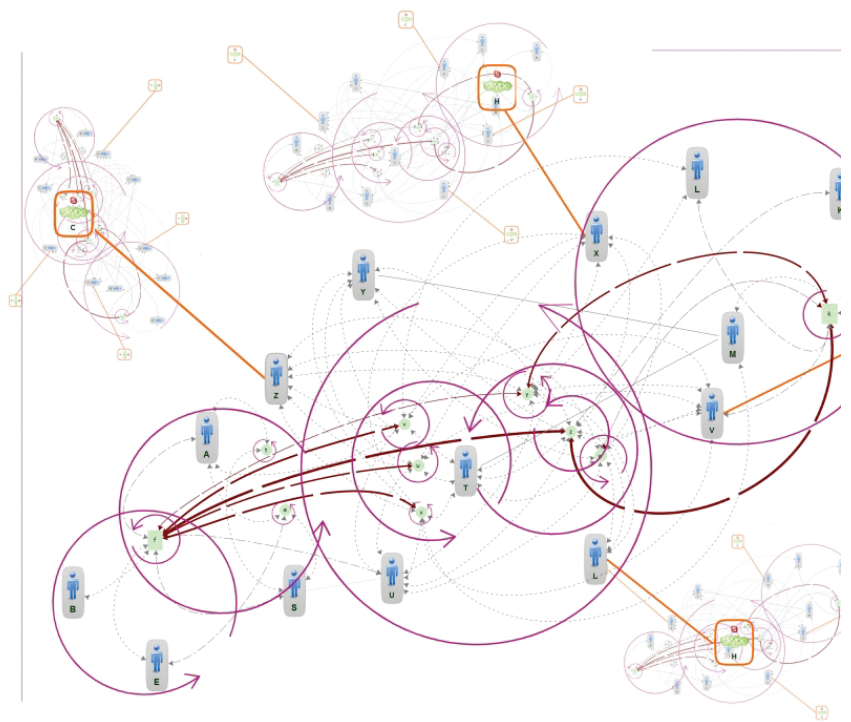nil tuzcu // orkun beydagi // cagri zaman

social networking formations of architectural students

every student follows a non-circuitous path in city. each user group divides into smaller groups and they follow different paths. these have been caused by the variety of the social networks each individual participate

in city, students visit various attraction points. the relationship of the social network they have and the points in city, provides maps of the social networks of diverse student groups. attributes of the social networks determine the attraction points, and other possible attraction points related with it.

attributes of the student social networks

age
division
social status
differentiation in division
economic status
intellectual status
social zone
urban zone
aesthetic regard
social influence

according to these attributes of student social networks, attraction points related with the social networks will be determined. formations and deforma-tions, possible new attraction points